



For the demineralization of water in the production of ultra pure water

**Lewatit® UltraPure 1261 MD** is a macroporous, strongly basic anion exchange resin (SBA, type I) with a monodispersed bead size distribution (uniform particles) based on a styrene-divinylbenzene copolymer for the use in WS/VWS systems for the production of ultra pure water.

The monodisperse beads (uniformity coefficient: max. 1.1) are chemically and osmotically highly stable. The optimized kinetics lead to an increased operating capacity, and the very low content of fines also results in a low pressure drop compared to ion exchange resins with heterodisperse bead size distribution.

For the production of ultra pure water, leaching of organics from Lewatit® UltraPure 1261 MD into the treated water is reduced to a level less than 50 ppb. Hence, Lewatit® UltraPure 1261 MD is specially recommended for the demineralization of water to generate ultra pure quality.

Die besonderen Eigenschaften dieses Produktes lassen sich nur dann optimal nutzen, wenn Verfahren und Filterkonstruktion dem Stand der Technik entsprechen und die Betriebsbedingungen auf die individuellen Bedürfnisse abgestimmt sind. Zur weiteren Beratung steht Ihnen in der BU Liquid Purification Technologies (LPT) ein Team von Spezialisten zur Verfügung.

This document contains important information and must be read in its entirety.





## Common Description

Delivery form	CI <sup>-</sup>
Functional group	Quaternary amine, type I
Matrix	Crosslinked polystyrene
Structure	Macroporous
Appearance	Beige, opaque

## **Specified Data**

	metric units	
	max.	1.1
	microns	0.65 (+/- 0.05)
ca. 80 BV, as a single component	min. MOhm*cm	4.0
delta TOC	max. ppb	50
	min. eq/l	1.1
	component	max. microns  ca. 80 BV, as a single min. MOhm*cm component delta TOC max. ppb

### Typical Physical and Chemical Properties

		Metrische Einheiten	
Bulk density	(+/- 5 %)	g/L	640
Density		approx. g/ml	1.06
Water retention		wt. %	60 - 65
Bed expansion	at 20°C, per m/h	vol. %	0 - 14
Storability	of the product	max. years	12
Storability	of the product, at < 25°C	max. months	-20 - +40

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#### Recommended Start-up Conditions\*

		metric units	
OPERATION			
Operating temperature		max. °C	40
Operating pH-range			0 - 12
Bed depth		min. mm	800
Specific pressure drop	(15 °C)	approx. kPa*h/m²	0.8
Pressure drop	, , ,	max. kPa	300
Linear velocity	Operation	max. m/h	60
REGENERATION, COUNTER-CURRENT	,		
Regenerant	Type		NaOH
Regenerant	Quantity	approx. g/L	50
Regenerant	Concentration	approx. wt. %	2 - 4
Linear velocity	Regeneration	approx. m/h	5
Rinse water requirement	slow / fast	approx. BV	2.5
REGENERATION, CO- CURRENT			
Regenerant	Туре		NaOH
Regenerant	Quantity	approx. g/L	100
Regenerant	Concentration	approx. wt. %	3 - 5
Linear velocity		approx. m/h	5
Linear velocity	Backwash (20 °C)	approx. m/h	5
Linear velocity	Rinsing	approx. m/h	5
Rinse water requirement	slow / fast	approx. BV	2.5 / 8
Bed expansion	(20 °C, per m/h)	approx. vol. %	18
Freeboard	Backwash (extern / intern)	vol. %	100

<sup>\*</sup> The recommended operating conditions refer to the use of the product under normal operating conditions. It is based on tests in pilot plants and data obtained from industrial applications. However, additional data are needed to calculate the resin volumes required for ion exchange units. These data are to be found in our Technical Information Sheets.

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#### Additional Information & Regulations

#### Safety precautions

Strong oxidants, e.g. nitric acid, can cause violent reactions if they come into contact with ion exchange resins.

#### **Toxicity**

The safety data sheet must be observed. It contains additional data on product description, transport, storage, handling, safety and ecology.

In the European Community Ion exchange resins have to be disposed, according to the European waste nomenclature which can be accessed on the internet-site of the European Union.

#### Storage

It is recommended to store ion exchange resins at temperatures above the freezing point of water under roof in dry conditions without exposure to direct sunlight. If resin should become frozen, it should not be mechanically handled and left to thaw out gradually at ambient temperature. It must be completely thawed before handling or use. No attempt should be made to accelerate the thawing process.



This information and our technical advice – whether verbal, in writing or by way of trials – are given in good faith but without warranty, and this also applies where proprietary rights of third parties are involved. Our advice does not release you from the obligation to check its validity and to test our products as to their suitability for the intended processes and uses. The application, use and processing of our products and the products manufactured by you on the basis of our technical advice are beyond our control and, therefore, entirely your own responsibility. Our products are sold in accordance with the current version of our General Conditions of Sale and Delivery.

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