



**Lewatit® MonoPlus MP 800 KR** is a strongly basic, macroporous anion exchange resin (type I) with beads of uniform size (monodisperse) in highly regenerated and purified form to meet nuclear industry specifications.

Lewatit® nuclear resins (Lewatit® KR) are noted for their outstanding mechanical and chemical stability and their high osmotic stability.

Because of their excellent hydrodynamic behavior, Lewatit® KR resins allow particularly high flow rates. The extremely high monodispersity and very low fines content result in particularly low pressure losses compared with standard resins.

Used in radioactive water circuits, they provide a number of special tasks and guarantee a water quality that fully complies with the requirements of the nuclear power industry.

#### Lewatit® MonoPlus MP 800 KR is particularly suitable for the:

- » the removal of anions, including radioactive isotopes, from aqueous solutions (including boric acid)
- » the decontamination of circuits in nuclear reactor plants
- » the treatment of primary coolant e.g. in pressure water reactors
- » purification of steam generator blow down irrespective of the conditioning with Levoxin (hydrazine), ethanolamine or morpholine
- » polishing in the primary and secondary sections as a mixed bed component with Lewatit® MonoPlus SP 112 KR, Lewatit® MonoPlus S 200 KR or Lewatit® MonoPlus S 215 KR

### Important!

Rinse carefully with demineralized water prior to service or mixing with Lewatit® MonoPlus SP 112 KR, Lewatit® MonoPlus S 200 KR or Lewatit® MonoPlus S 215 KR

The special properties of this product can only be fully utilized if the technology and process used correspond to the current state-of-the-art. Further advice in this matter can be obtained from Lanxess, Business Unit Liquid Purification Technologies.

This document contains important information and must be read in its entirety.





## Common Description

Delivery form	OH <sup>.</sup>
Functional group	Quaternary ammonium
	Type 1
Matrix	Styrenic
Structure	Macroporous
Appearance	Light brown, opaque

## **Specified Data**

Uniformity coefficient		max.	1.1
Mean bead size	d50	mm	0.65 (+-0.05)
Total capacity (delivery		min. eq/L	0.8
form)			

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## Typical Physical and Chemical Properties

Bulk density for shipment (+/- 5%)	g/L	680
Density	approx. g/mL	1.07
Water retention (delivery form)	approx. weight %	60-68
Volume change (OH <sup>-</sup> -Cl <sup>-</sup> )	max. approx. %	-22
Stability pH range		0-14
Storage time (after delivery)	max. years	1
Storage temperature range	°C	-20 - +40
Ionic conversion OH <sup>-</sup>	min. eq. %	95
Ionic conversion CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	max. eq. %	5

## Operation

Operating temperature		max. °C	70
Operating pH range	during exhaustion		0-12
Bed depth for single column		min. mm	800
Bed depth per component in mixed bed		min. mm	500
Back wash bed expansion per m/h (20°C)		%	10
Specific pressure loss kPa*h/m² (15°C)		kPa*h/m² (15°C)	1
Max. pressure loss during operation		kPa	250
Specific flow rate		max. BV/h	100

## **Trace Impurities**

Na	max. mg/kg dry resin	20
Fe	max. mg/kg dry resin	100
Cu	max. mg/kg dry resin	30
Al	max. mg/kg dry resin	50
Co	max. mg/kg dry resin	30
Pb	max. mg/kg dry resin	30
Hg	max. mg/kg dry resin	20
SiO <sub>2</sub>	max. mg/kg dry resin	100

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### Additional Information & Regulations

### Safety precautions

Strong oxidants, e.g. nitric acid, can cause violent reactions if they come into contact with ion exchange resins.

#### **Toxicity**

The safety data sheet must be observed. It contains additional data on product description, transport, storage, handling, safety and ecology.

#### Disposal

In the European Community Ion exchange resins have to be disposed, according to the European waste nomenclature which can be accessed on the internet-site of the European Union.

#### Storage

It is recommended to store ion exchange resins at temperatures above the freezing point of water under roof in dry conditions without exposure to direct sunlight. If resin should become frozen, it should not be mechanically handled and left to thaw out gradually at ambient temperature. It must be completely thawed before handling or use. No attempt should be made to accelerate the thawing process.

#### **Packaging**

The experience has shown that the packaging stability for reliable resin containment is limited to 24 months under the storage conditions described above. It is therefore recommended to use the product within this time frame; otherwise the packaging condition should be checked regularly.



This information and our technical advice – whether verbal, in writing or by way of trials – are given in good faith but without warranty, and this also applies where proprietary rights of third parties are involved. Our advice does not release you from the obligation to check its validity and to test our products as to their suitability for the intended processes and uses. The application, use and processing of our products and the products manufactured by you on the basis of our technical advice are beyond our control and, therefore, entirely your own responsibility. Our products are sold in accordance with the current version of our General Conditions of Sale and Delivery.

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